

Daventry District Council

Annual Audit Letter for the year
ended 31 March 2020

May 2021

The EY logo consists of the letters 'EY' in a bold, white, sans-serif font. A yellow triangle is positioned above the 'Y', pointing downwards towards the letters.

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Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) have issued a 'Statement of responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies'. It is available from the Chief Executive of each audited body and via the PSAA website (www.psa.co.uk).

This Statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between appointed auditors and audited bodies. It summarises where the different responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies begin and end, and what is to be expected of the audited body in certain areas.

The 'Terms of Appointment (updated April 2018)' issued by sets out additional requirements that auditors must comply with, over and above those set out in the National Audit Office Code of Audit Practice (the Code) and statute, and covers matters of practice and procedure which are of a recurring nature.

This Annual Audit letter is prepared in the context of the Statement of responsibilities. It is addressed to the Members of the audited body, and is prepared for their sole use. We, as appointed auditor, take no responsibility to any third party.

Our Complaints Procedure - If at any time you would like to discuss with us how our service to you could be improved, or if you are dissatisfied with the service you are receiving, you may take the issue up with your usual partner or director contact. If you prefer an alternative route, please contact Hywel Ball, our Managing Partner, 1 More London Place, London SE1 2AF. We undertake to look into any complaint carefully and promptly and to do all we can to explain the position to you. Should you remain dissatisfied with any aspect of our service, you may of course take matters up with our professional institute. We can provide further information on how you may contact our professional institute.



Section 1

Executive Summary

Executive Summary

We are required to issue an annual audit letter to Daventry District Council (the Council) following completion of our audit procedures for the year ended 31 March 2020. Covid-19 had an impact on a number of aspects of our 2019/20 audit. We set out these key impacts below.

Area of impact	Commentary
Impact on the delivery of the audit	
▶ Changes to reporting timescales	As a result of Covid-19, new regulations, the Accounts and Audit (Coronavirus) (Amendment) Regulations 2020 No. 404, have been published and came into force on 30 April 2020. This announced a change to publication date for final, audited accounts from 31 July to 30 November 2020 for all relevant authorities. We issued our audit report on 30 March 2021. The delay was due to management establishing West Northamptonshire Council's budget for subsequent years. This was reviewed by our technical team to support our going concern assessment for next 12 months from the date of audit report.
Impact on our risk assessment	
▶ Valuation of Property Plant and Equipment	The Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors (RICS), the body setting the standards for property valuations, issued guidance to valuers highlighting that the uncertain impact of Covid-19 on markets might cause a valuer to conclude that there is a material uncertainty. Caveats around this material uncertainty have been included in the year-end valuation reports produced by the Council's internal valuer. We consider that the material uncertainties disclosed by the valuer gave rise to an additional risk relating to disclosures on the valuation of property, plant and equipment.
▶ Disclosures on Going Concern	Financial plans for 2020/21 and medium term financial plans will need revision for Covid-19. We considered the unpredictability of the current environment gave rise to a risk that the council would not appropriately disclose the key factors relating to going concern, underpinned by managements assessment with particular reference to Covid-19 and the Council's actual year end financial position and performance.
▶ Events after the balance sheet date	We identified an increased risk that further events after the balance sheet date concerning the current Covid-19 pandemic will need to be disclosed. The amount of detail required in the disclosure needed to reflect the specific circumstances of the Council.
Impact on the scope of our audit	
▶ Information Produced by the Entity (IPE)	We identified an increased risk around the completeness, accuracy, and appropriateness of information produced by the entity due to the inability of the audit team to verify original documents or re-run reports on-site from the Council's systems. We undertook the following to address this risk: <ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Used the screen sharing function of Microsoft Teams to evidence re-running of reports used to generate the IPE we audited; and▶ Agree IPE to scanned documents or other system screenshots.
▶ Consultation requirements	Additional EY consultation requirements concerning the impact on auditor reports. The changes to audit risks and audit approach changed the level of work we needed to perform.

Executive Summary (cont'd)

The tables below set out the results and conclusions on the significant areas of the audit process.

Area of Work	Conclusion
Opinion on the Council's :	
▶ Financial statements	Unqualified - the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Council as at 31 March 2020 and of its expenditure and income for the year then ended. Our audit opinion included an emphasis of matter paragraphs on Other Land & Building and Investment property valuation and on Local Government Reorganisation (Districts). These are not modifications or qualifications to the audit report
▶ Consistency of other information published with the financial statements	Other information published with the financial statements was consistent with the Annual Accounts
▶ Concluding on the Council's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness	We concluded that you have put in place proper arrangements to secure value for money in your use of resources

Area of Work	Conclusion
Reports by exception:	
▶ Consistency of Governance Statement	The Governance Statement was consistent with our understanding of the Council
▶ Public interest report	We had no matters to report in the public interest
▶ Written recommendations to the Council, which should be copied to the Secretary of State	We had no matters to report.
▶ Other actions taken in relation to our responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014	We had no matters to report.

Executive Summary (cont'd)

Area of Work	Conclusion
Reporting to the National Audit Office (NAO) on our review of the Council's Whole of Government Accounts return (WGA).	We had no matters to report. The Council is below the specified audit threshold of £500m. Therefore, we did not perform any audit procedures on the consolidation pack.

As a result of the above we have also:

Area of Work	Conclusion
Issued a report to those charged with governance of the Council communicating significant findings resulting from our audit.	Our Audit Results Report was presented to the 24 th September 2020 Corporate Governance Committee and a further update was provided on 21 January 2021
Issued a certificate that we have completed the audit in accordance with the requirements of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and the National Audit Office's 2015 Code of Audit Practice.	Our certificate was issued on 30 March 2021

We would like to take this opportunity to thank the Council's staff for their assistance during the course of our work.

Neil Harris
Associate Partner
For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP

Section 2

Purpose and Responsibilities



Purpose

The Purpose of this Letter

The purpose of this annual audit letter is to communicate to Members and external stakeholders, including members of the public, the key issues arising from our work, which we consider should be brought to the attention of the Council.

We have already reported the detailed findings from our audit work in our 2019/20 Audit Results Report to the 24th September 2020 Corporate Governance Committee, representing those charged with governance. We do not repeat those detailed findings in this letter. The matters reported here are the most significant for the Council.

Responsibilities

Responsibilities of the Appointed Auditor

Our 2019/20 audit work has been undertaken in accordance with the Audit Plan that we issued on 26th May 2020 Corporate Governance Committee. Our audit is conducted in accordance with the National Audit Office's 2015 Code of Audit Practice, International Standards on Auditing (UK), and other guidance issued by the National Audit Office.

As auditors we are responsible for:

- ▶ Expressing an opinion:
 - ▶ On the 2019/20 financial statements; and
 - ▶ On the consistency of other information published with the financial statements.
- ▶ Forming a conclusion on the arrangements the Council has to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.
- ▶ Reporting by exception:
 - ▶ If the annual governance statement is misleading or not consistent with our understanding of the Council;
 - ▶ Any significant matters that are in the public interest;
 - ▶ Any written recommendations to the Council, which should be copied to the Secretary of State; and
 - ▶ If we have discharged our duties and responsibilities as established by the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and Code of Audit Practice.

Alongside our work on the financial statements, we also review and report to the National Audit Office (NAO) on your Whole of Government Accounts return. The Council is below the specified audit threshold of £500m. Therefore, we did not perform any audit procedures on the return.

Responsibilities of the Council

The Council is responsible for preparing and publishing its statement of accounts accompanied by an Annual Governance Statement (AGS). In the AGS, the Council reports publicly each year on how far it complies with its own code of governance, including how it has monitored and evaluated the effectiveness of its governance arrangements in year, and any changes planned in the coming period.

The Council is also responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

Section 3

Financial Statement Audit



Financial Statement Audit

Key Issues

The Council's Statement of Accounts is an important tool for the Council to show how it has used public money and how it can demonstrate its financial management and financial health.

We audited the Council Statement of Accounts in line with the National Audit Office's 2015 Code of Audit Practice, International Standards on Auditing (UK), and other guidance issued by the National Audit Office and issued an unqualified audit report on 30 March 2021.

Our detailed findings were reported to the 24th September 2020 Corporate Governance Committee.

The key issues identified as part of our audit were as follows:

Significant Risk	Conclusion
Misstatements due to fraud or error The financial statements as a whole are not free of material misstatements whether caused by fraud or error. As identified in ISA (UK) 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of its ability to manipulate accounting records directly or indirectly and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. We identify and respond to this fraud risk on every audit engagement.	We have not identified any material weaknesses in controls or evidence of material management override. We have not identified any instances of inappropriate judgements being applied. We did not identify any other transactions during our audit which appeared unusual or outside the Council's normal course of business
Misstatements due to fraud or error - Inappropriate capitalisation of revenue expenditure As noted above, under ISA 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud through the override of controls. We have considered the main areas where management may have the incentive and opportunity to do this. We have identified the inappropriate capitalisation of revenue expenditure on property, plant and equipment and REFCUS as an area of risk, given the extent of the Councils capital programme.	We did not identify any material issues or unusual transactions to indicate any misreporting of the Council's financial position through the inappropriate capitalisation of revenue expenditure.

Financial Statement Audit (cont'd)

The key issues identified as part of our audit were as follows: (cont'd)

Significant Risk	Conclusion
<p>Valuation of Property, Plant and Equipment and Investment Properties</p> <p>The fair value of Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) and Investment Property (IP) represent significant balances in the Authority's accounts and are subject to valuation changes, impairment reviews and depreciation charges. Management is required to make material judgemental inputs and apply estimation techniques to calculate the year-end balances recorded in the balance sheet. Covid-19 has impacted the valuation of the Authority's investment properties and other assets valued using market data as outlined by the Authority's valuer. This is because of the paucity of reliable market information available at 31 March 2020 upon which to give those valuations. The Authority has included in Note 6 of the accounts reference to the valuers material uncertainty.</p> <p>Our work on valuations focussed on assessing the reasonableness of the methodologies adopted by the valuers in undertaking their valuations in 2019/20 and of the key assumptions input into these valuations. We have also considered those assets that were not valued in 2019/20 and the potential for material misstatement in the valuation of those assets.</p> <p>We engaged our valuations specialist (EY Real Estates) to review a sample of other land & buildings & investment properties asset valuations to verify the reasonableness of the valuation methodology applied and key assumptions used.</p>	<p>The Council's internal valuer did disclose a 'material uncertainty' in its year end valuation report in line with RICS guidance. We requested the Council repeat the 'material uncertainty' in the statement of accounts. Based on the work we have undertaken we are satisfied that the carrying value of PPE and IP disclosed in the financial statements is materially accurate. We included an emphasis of matter paragraph in our audit report highlighting the Council's disclosure in this area to the reader of the accounts.</p> <p>For clarity, an emphasis of matter paragraph is not a modification of our opinion. It is a paragraph in our report which highlights a disclosure in the financial statements that, in our judgment, is of importance to the users' understanding of the financial statements.</p> <p>Our audit work did not identify any material issues.</p>

Financial Statement Audit (cont'd)

The key issues identified as part of our audit were as follows: (cont'd)

Other Key Findings	Conclusion
Pension liability valuation	The Council's pension liabilities were appropriately disclosed in the accounts. We have considered the IAS19 assurance letter from the auditor of the Pension Fund. This letter noted exceptions related to the Council. Management have deemed this to be immaterial. We note that as it did not have a material impact on the pension liability and reported as un-adjusted audit differences in the representation letter.
Going concern disclosure There is presumption that the Authority will continue as a going concern. However, the current and future uncertainty over government funding and other sources of Authority revenue as a result of Covid-19 increases the need for the Authority to undertake a detailed going concern assessment to support its assertion. In light of the unprecedented nature of Covid-19, its impact on the funding of public sector entities and uncertainty over the form and extent of government support, we requested that management provide a documented consideration to support their assertion regarding the going concern basis.	The Council has assessed the impact of Covid-19 on its income, expenditure, cash and reserves position into 2020/21 and 2021/22 and made an appropriate disclosure in the financial statements. The approach to establishing West Northamptonshire Council's budget and financial position has been to create the baseline budget and balance sheet by disaggregating the County Council and aggregating with the District and Borough Councils. Management have concluded that, despite their demising status, their financial statements should be presented on a going concern basis. We have reviewed the assessment and concluded as appropriate. In concluding the external audits of Northamptonshire Local Government bodies for the financial year ended 31 March 2020, we included an Emphasis of Matter in our audit report to disclose the demise of each of the sovereign Councils and the establishment Unitary Council from the 1st April 2021.
Recognition of grant income associated with Covid-19	Our audit procedures for recognition of grant income did not identify any audit issues.

Financial Statement Audit (cont'd)

Our application of materiality

When establishing our overall audit strategy, we determined a magnitude of uncorrected misstatements that we judged would be material for the financial statements as a whole.

Item	Thresholds applied
Planning materiality	<p>We determined planning materiality to be £756k which is 2% of gross revenue expenditure reported in the accounts.</p> <p>We consider gross revenue expenditure to be one of the principal considerations for stakeholders in assessing the financial performance of the Council</p>
Reporting threshold	<p>We agreed with the Corporate Governance Committee that we would report to the Committee all audit differences in excess of £38k.</p>

We also identified the following areas where misstatement at a level lower than our overall materiality level might influence the reader. For these areas we developed an audit strategy specific to these areas. The areas identified and audit strategy applied include:

- ▶ Remuneration disclosures including any severance payments, exit packages and termination benefits
- ▶ Related party transactions

We evaluate any uncorrected misstatements against both the quantitative measures of materiality discussed above and in light of other relevant qualitative considerations.

Section 4

Value for Money



Value for Money

We are required to consider whether the Council has put in place 'proper arrangements' to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. This is known as our value for money conclusion.

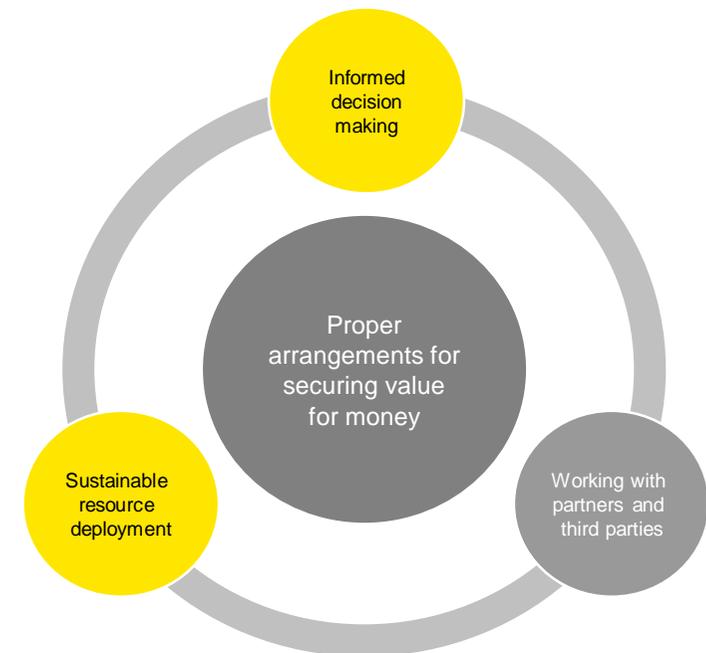
Proper arrangements are defined by statutory guidance issued by the National Audit Office. They comprise your arrangements to:

- ▶ Take informed decisions;
- ▶ Deploy resources in a sustainable manner; and
- ▶ Work with partners and other third parties.

On 16 April 2020 the National Audit Office published an update to auditor guidance in relation to the 2019/20 Value for Money assessment in the light of Covid-19. This clarified that in undertaking the 2019/20 Value for Money assessment auditors should consider local authorities response to Covid-19 only as far as it relates to the 2019-20 financial year; only where clear evidence comes to the auditor's attention of a significant failure in arrangements as a result of Covid-19 during the financial year, would it be appropriate to recognise a significant risk in relation to the 2019-20 VFM arrangements conclusion.

We reported in detail as part of the Audit Results Report and do not repeat our findings here.

We performed the procedures outlined in our audit plan. We did not identify any significant weaknesses in the Council's arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people.



A photograph of a business meeting in progress. Several people are gathered around a large wooden conference table, looking at documents. A woman with blonde hair is leaning forward, resting her chin on her hand, appearing thoughtful. A man in a blue shirt and red tie is standing in the background. The scene is brightly lit, suggesting a modern office environment.

Section 5

Other Reporting Issues

Other Reporting Issues

Whole of Government Accounts

We are required to perform the procedures specified by the National Audit Office on the accuracy of the consolidation pack prepared by the Council for Whole of Government Accounts purposes.

The Council is below the specified audit threshold of £500m. Therefore, we were not required to perform any audit procedures on the consolidation pack.

Annual Governance Statement

We are required to consider the completeness of disclosures in the Council's annual governance statement, identify any inconsistencies with the other information of which we are aware from our work, and consider whether it is misleading.

We completed this work and did not identify any areas of concern

Report in the Public Interest

We have a duty under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to consider whether, in the public interest, to report on any matter that comes to our attention in the course of the audit in order for it to be considered by the Council or brought to the attention of the public.

We did not identify any issues which required us to issue a report in the public interest.

Written Recommendations

We have a duty under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to designate any audit recommendation as one that requires the Council to consider it at a public meeting and to decide what action to take in response.

We did not identify any issues which required us to issue a written recommendation.

Other Reporting Issues (cont'd)

Objections Received

We did not receive any objections to the 2019/20 financial statements from members of the public.

Other Powers and Duties

We identified no issues during our audit that required us to use our additional powers under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

Independence

We communicated our assessment of independence in our Audit Results Report to the Corporate Governance Committee in September 2020. In our professional judgement the firm is independent and the objectivity of the audit engagement partner and audit staff has not been compromised within the meaning regulatory and professional requirements.

Control Themes and Observations

As part of our work, we obtained an understanding of internal control sufficient to plan our audit and determine the nature, timing and extent of testing performed. Although our audit was not designed to express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control, we are required to communicate to you significant deficiencies in internal control identified during our audit.

Our audit did not identify any controls issues to bring to the attention of the Corporate Governance Committee.

Audit Fees

Fees

In the Final Audit Results Report we indicated that we had carried out additional work as a result of the impact of Covid-19 that necessitated an additional audit fee. We have now quantified the proposed fee. We will shortly discuss the proposed additional fees with the s151 officer after providing supporting details. We will then seek approval from PSAA.

All fees exclude VAT	Final fee 2019/20	Planned fee 2019/20	Final Fee 2018/19
	£	£	£
Code work fee	37,564	37,564	37,564
Group Accounts and Quality	8,162		3,000
Property valuations significant risk and use of EY Real Estate Specialist	8,872	-	3,500
Additional work on pensions	1,699	-	1,000
Property valuations material uncertainty (Note 1)	2,084	-	N/A
Going concern disclosure (Note 2)	3,472	-	N/A
EY consultations on auditor report (Note 3)	2,019	-	N/A
Total audit	63,873	37,564	45,064
Other non-audit services	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total other non-audit services	N/A	N/A	N/A

Notes:

1. We have carried out additional work in response to the material uncertainty reported by the Authority's valuer on investment property valuations. This has led to an emphasis of matter paragraph in the audit report. This cost also includes a reassessment of materiality required on all audits as a result of the Covid-19 impact on the business and planning and the impact of remote working.
2. We have carried out additional work to review, assess and challenge the Authority's going concern assessment and associated disclosure.
3. To ensure that we are giving the right assurance to the Authority, EY have instigated a consultation process involving the Firm's Professional Practice Directorate.

Please note that our fee analysis above represents proposed variations to the Council's scale fee of £37,564 consistent with changes in audit scope, risk assessments and findings from our audit procedures. The proposed variation set out above is not the same as the exercise we undertook at the planning stage of the audit to reassess what we believe the baseline (or scale) fee should be to deliver sustainable high quality audits and address the professional, regulatory expectations and risk environment we are experiencing. We have discussed with the Council's finance officers (and set out in our audit planning report) that our assessment is that the scale fee should be increased from £37,564 to £74,297. We have provided this information to PSAA who will determine whether there should be any changes to the baseline fee

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